# Seventh Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept. 2020 Microwaves and Antennas

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.

#### Module-1

a. Explain the operation of Reflex Klystron with the help of neat sketch. (06 Marks)

b. A two-cavity Klystron operates at 5 GHz with a DC beam voltage of 10KV and 2mm cavity gap. For a given input RF voltage, the magnitude of the gap voltage is 100V. Calculate the transit time at the cavity gap, the transit angle, and velocity of the electrons leaving the gap.

(06 Marks)

c. Define standing wave and standing wave ratio.

(04 Marks)

#### OR

a. Derive transmission line equations.

(06 Marks)

b. A certain transmission line has a characteristic impedance of  $75 + j0.01\Omega$  and is terminated in load impedance of  $70 + j50\Omega$ . Compute: i) reflection coefficient ii) transmission coefficient. (06 Marks)

c. Mention characteristics of Smith chart with the help of necessary equations.

(04 Marks)

#### Module-2

3 a. Write short notes on:

i) Attenuator

ii) Phase shifters.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain the properties of S-parameters for junction of ports having common characteristic impedance. (08 Marks)

## OR

a. A 20 MW signal is fed into one of the collinear part 1 of a lossless H plane T junction. Calculate the power delivered through each port when other ports are terminated in matched load. (04 Marks)

b. Write the characteristics of Magic Tee. Also obtain scattering matrix for Magic Tee.

(08 Marks)

c. Write short notes on: Coaxial connectors and adapters.

(04 Marks)

### Module-3

5 a. A microstrip line is composed of zero thickness copper conductors on a substrate having  $\epsilon_r = 8.4 \tan \delta = 0.0005$  and thickness 2.4mm. If the line width is 1mm and operated at 10 GHz, calculate:

i) The characteristic impedance ii) the attenuation due to conductor loss and dielectric loss.
(08 Marks)

b. Define the following:

- i) Beam area
- ii) Radiation resistance
- iii) Beam efficiency
- iv) Radiation intensity.

(08 Marks)

1 of 2

42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg,

(06 Marks)

(04 Marks)

		OR OR		
6	0	Obtain effective aperture and directivity of a half wave dipole.	(05 Marks)	
6	a.	Derive Friis transmission formula.	(05 Marks)	
	b.	Obtain relationship between directivity and effective aperture.	(06 Marks)	
	C.	Obtain relationship between directivity and effective up		
		Module-4		
7	a.	Define power theorem.	(04 Marks)	
,	b.	Find the directivity 'D' for the following sources with radiation intensity.		
	0.	$11 - 11 \sin^2 \theta$ $0 < \theta < \pi$ $0 < \phi < 2\pi$ ii) $11 = 11 \cos^2 \theta$ , $0 \le \theta \le \pi/2$ , $0 \le \phi \le \pi/2$ .	(05 Marks)	
	c.	Plot the field pattern for an array of two isotropic point sources with equal am	plitude and	
	С.	same phase. Take $d = \lambda/2$ .	(07 Marks)	
		Same phase. Take d 76/2.		
		OR		
8	a.	of it is a first to a linear uniform array of isotronic antennas satisfy the following		
0	a.	$n = 5$ , $d = \lambda/2$ , $\delta = -d_r$ .	(06 Marks)	
	1	$n = 3$ , $d = \lambda/2$ , $\delta = -dr$ .  Derive an expression for radiation resistance of a short electric dipole.	(06 Marks)	
	b.	Explain principle of pattern multiplication with the help of suitable example.	(04 Marks)	
	c.	Explain principle of pattern multiplication with the nexp of salars		
		Module-5		
0		Compare far fields of small loop and short electric dipole.	(04 Marks)	
9	a.	Obtain an expression for radiation resistance of a loop antenna.	(06 Marks)	
	b.	Develop an expression for the field intensity ratio in the aperture plane for	a parabolic	
	C.		(06 Marks)	
		reflector.		
		OR		
10	0	Determine the length L, H-plane aperture and flare angles $\theta_E$ and $\theta_H$ of a pyrami	dal horn for	
10	a.	which the Eplane aperture $a_E = 10\lambda$ . The horn is fed by a rectangular waveguid	e with TE <sub>10</sub>	
		mode. Let $\delta = 0.2\lambda$ in the Eplane and 0.375 $\lambda$ in the H plane. Also find the directi	vitv.	
		mode. Let 0 – 0.2% ill the Epiane and 0.575% in the 11 piane. This initial the direction	(06 Marks)	
	h	Define helix geometry. Explain practical design considerations for the monofilar	axial mode	
	U.	Define neith geometry. Explain placetour design to	(0 ( M)	

helical antenna.

c. Explain Yagi – Uda array with the help of diagram.